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www.visitasevilla.es

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Paseo de las Delicias, 9 (41013) Sevilla

Tel: 954234465

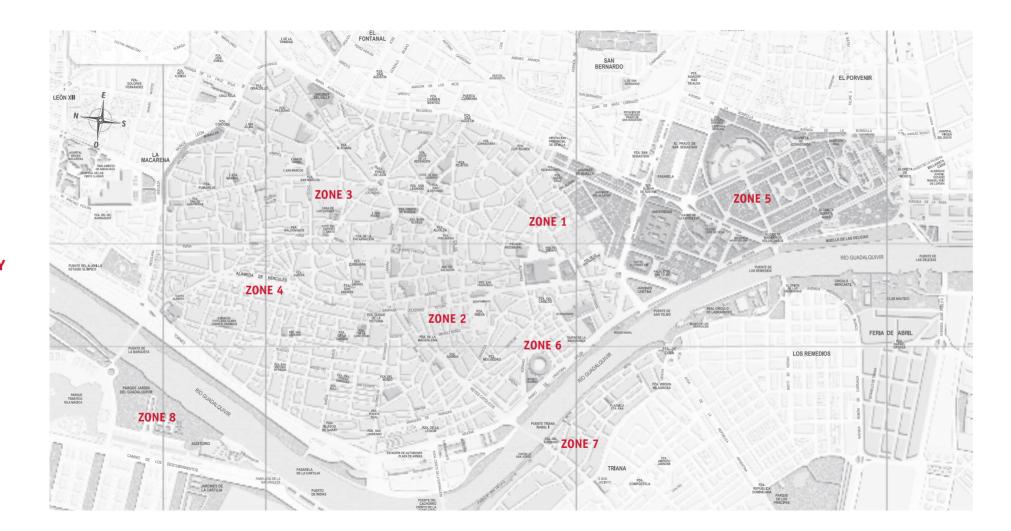
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SEVILLE

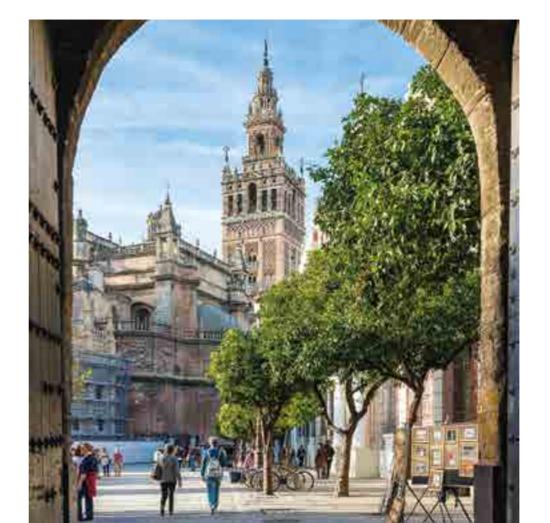
Seville is an important tourist destination in southern Europe. Located in the southwest of the Iberian Peninsula with a population of about 700,000 inhabitants, it is the capital of the autonomous community of Andalusia.



The Guadalquivir river gave rise to the city and its rich **history**. Over 3,000 years, different civilizations (including Phoenicians, Romans, Visigoths, and Arabs) chose to settle in an extraordinarily fertile territory between the marshes and the river delta, just 80 km from the Atlantic Ocean.

The city's rich **historical** and **artistic heritage** is a result of the passage of these different cultures. Seville has three monuments declared as World Heritage Sites by UNESCO (the Cathedral and Giralda, the Alcázar and the Archive of the Indias (Archivo de Indias) and countless beautiful and unique civil and religious buildings, which contain numerous works of art by outstanding architects, sculptors and painters.

With an intense **cultural life** throughout the year, Seville caters to all tastes: opera, flamenco, classical music, jazz, zarzuela, rock, hip-hop, pop, exhibitions, theatre, cinema, comics ... Seville is the birthplace and capital of flamenco, declared Intangible Heritage of Humanity, and is also the city that has inspired the greatest number of operas over the centuries: 150 compositions, some of them as universal as Carmen, Don Giovanni and The Barber of Seville.



Gastronomy is another of Seville's main attractions. With a long and rich tradition, the offering is very wide and varied, with bars and restaurants offering everything from traditional recipes to more innovative dishes.

Seville enjoys an excellent **climate** and the average annual temperature is between 18°C and 20°C. The city has a high number of hours of sunshine annually (about 3,000), which allows visitors to take part in numerous outdoor activities throughout the year.

In addition, Seville is a **universal city** which has played its part at crucial historical milestones such as the conquest and colonization of America and the first circumnavigation of the world.

Great **artists** have been born in Seville, including Velázquez, Murillo, Gustavo Adolfo Bécquer, Luis Cernuda, the Machado brothers and Joaquín Turina. Many others came to our city from other places, attracted to this major centre of art and culture, including Miguel de Cervantes, Torrigiano, Zurbarán, Martínez Montañés and Juan de Mesa.

But as well as keeping alive its rich historical legacy, Seville is also looking to the **future** and evolving: the modern architecture which is a legacy of Expo 92, "Las Setas" on the Plaza de la Encarnación, the Palacio de Congresos y Exposiciones conference and exhibition centre, the network of bike lanes...

SEVILLE

GETTING TO SEVILLE



/ THE DOOR OF

ANDALUCÍA

By plane: San Pablo International Airport is only 10 km from the city centre. It is connected to the main European cities by direct flights (London, Paris, Rome, Brussels, Berlin, Munich ...) and has good connections with other airports for long-haul flights (Frankfurt, Geneva, Amsterdam, ...).

www.aena.es/es/aeropuerto-sevilla

By train: The high-speed train (AVE) links Seville with many Spanish cities. Destinations include:

Madrid: duration 2 hours 30 minutes

Cordoba: duration 40 minutes

Malaga: duration 1 hour 55 minutes

Barcelona: duration 5 hours 35 minutes

The Sevilla-Santa Justa station is Spain's third largest in terms of number of travellers, after Madrid-Atocha and Barcelona-Sants, with an average of 13 million passengers each year. Santa Justa is the backbone of the business and professional dynamism of the Andalusian capital and is situated very close to the historical centre.

RENFE, the national rail network, offers an exclusive deal for international tourists: a train pass called RENFE SPAIN PASS which allows convenient, lower cost train travel throughout Spain. www.renfe.com

By road: Seville is very well connected by motorways and main roads.

Huelva: 100 kms. (A-49)

Cádiz: 120 kms. (AP-4)

Jerez: 85 kms. (AP-4)

Córdoba: 140 kms. (A4)

Málaga: 205 kms. (A-92)

Granada: 250 kms. (A-92)

Madrid: 530 kms. (A4)

By bus: Seville has two bus stations very well located in the city centre: Plaza de Armas (for destinations including Cordoba, Malaga, Granada ...) and Prado de San Sebastián (for Cadiz and the Cadiz coast ...).

In addition, Seville and the 105 municipalities of its province are connected through a network of intercity buses

www.consorciotransportes-sevilla.com



By the Guadalquivir River: . The Port of Seville is an inland seaport located in the Guadalquivir estuary. From the river's mouth at the Atlantic Ocean, in the town of Sanlúcar de Barrameda (Cadiz), after a journey of 90 km and about 5 hours of navigation, you arrive at the capital's port facilities, accessed through the lock which is unique in Spain.

Boats including yachts and other pleasure craft can dock at sports clubs, such as Club Náutico de Sevilla, within the city, with more than 100 berths (www.nauticosevilla.es); Marina Sevilla (www.marinasevilla.com) or Puerto Gelves, located 3.5 km from Seville (www.puertogelves.com).

ACCOMMODATION



Seville has a wide and varied range of hotels. Visitors can choose from hotels which are part of large chains, establishments which display the characteristic architecture of the city, charming hotels, tourist apartments and other types of accommodation tailored to customer needs. All these offer a high-quality service that will make your stay a unique experience.

5 * HOTELS

Alfonso XIII www.hotel-alfonsoxiii-sevilla.com

Barcelo Renacimiento www.barcelorenacimiento.com

Eme Catedral www.emecatedralhotel.com

Eurostars Torre Sevilla www.eurostarshotels.com

Gran Melia Colón www.gran-melia.com

Mercer Sevilla www.mercersevilla.com

Palacio de Villapanés www.palaciovillapanes.com

4* HOTELS

AC Ciudad de Sevilla www.ac-hotels.com

AC Forum www.ac-hotels.com

AC Sevilla Torneo www.ac-hotels.com

Ateneo www.hotelateneosevilla.com

Ayre Sevilla www.ayrehoteles.com

Becquer www.hotelbecquer.com

Casa 1800 www.hotelcasa1800.com

Casa Imperial www.casaimperial.com

Casa Romana www.hotelcasaromana.com

Catalonia Giralda www.hoteles-catalonia.com

Catalonia Santa Justa www.hoteles-catalonia.com

Cervantes www.hotel-cervantes.com

Doña María www.hdmaria.com

Eurostars Sevilla Boutique www.eurostarssevillaboutique.com

Exe Isla Cartuja www.exeislacartuja.com

Exe Sevilla Palmera www.exesevillapalmera.com



/ OFFER

Fernando III www.hotelfernandoiiisevilla.com

Fontecruz Los Seises www.fontecruzhoteles.com

Gran Hotel Lar www.hotellar.com

Hesperia Sevilla www.hoteles-hesperia.es

Hilton Garden Inn www.hilton.com

Inglaterra www.hotelinglaterra.es

La Casa del Poeta www.casadelpoeta.es

La Taberna del Alabardero www.tabernadelalabardero.es

Las Casas de la Judería www.casasypalacios.com

Las Casas del Rey de Baeza www.hospes.com

Las Casas del Arenal www.casasdeelarenal.com

M.A. Sevilla Congresos www.hotelsevillacongresos.com

Melia Lebreros www.solmelia.es

Melia Sevilla www.solmelia.es

NH Collection www.nh-hoteles.com

NH Plaza de Armas www.nh-hoteles.com

NH Viapol www.nh-hoteles.com



Novotel Sevilla www.novotel.com

Palacio Alcázar www.palacioalcazar.com

Pasarela www.hotelpasarela.com

Petit Palace Marqués Santa Ana www.petitpalacemarquessantaana.com

Petit Palace Santa Cruz www.petitpalacesantacruzhotel.com

Pinello www.palaciopinello.com

Posada del Lucero www.posadadellucero.com

Rey Alfonso X www.reyalfonsox.com

San Gil www.fp-hoteles.com

Sercotel Ribera de Triana www.hotelriberadetriana.com

Sevilla Center www.hotelescenter.es

Sevilla Macarena www.hotelsevillamacarena.com

Silken Al Andalus www.hoteles-silken.com

Vertice Sevilla www.verticehoteles.com

Villa de la Palmera www.villadelapalmera.com

Vincci la Rábida www.vinccihoteles.com

Zenit Sevilla www.zenithoteles.com



3 * HOTELS

Abanico www.hotelabanico.com

AACR Monteolivos Urban Hotel www.hmonteolivos.com

AACR Museo Urban Hotel www.hmuseo.com

Alcazar www.hotelalcazar.com

Alcoba Rey de Sevilla www.alcobadelrey.com

Alminar www.hotelalminar.com

América www.hotelamericasevilla.com

Bellavista Sevilla www.hotelbellavistasevilla.com

Casa Sacristía Santa Ana www.hotelsacristia.com

Casas de Santa Cruz www.casasdesantacruz.com

Casona de San Andrés www.casonadesanandres.com

Catalonia Hispalis www.hoteles-catalonia.com

Convento La Gloria www.hotelconventolagloria.es

Derby www.hotelderbysevilla.com

Don Paco www.hoteldonpaco.com

Doña Carmela www.dcarmela.com

El Rey Moro www.elreymoro.com

Elvira Plaza www.hotelelviraplaza.com

Holos www.hotelholos.com

H10 Corregidor www.h10hotels.com

Ilunion Puerta de Triana www.ilunionpuertadetriana.com

Itaca Sevilla www.itacasevilla.com

Las Casas de los Mercaderes www.aa-hoteles.com

Montecarlo www.hotelmontecarlosevilla.com

Monte Carmelo www.hotelesmonte.com





Monte Triana www.hotelesmonte.com

Palace Sevilla www.hotelpalacesevilla.es

Patio de la Alameda www.patiodelaalameda.com

Plaza Santa Lucía www.hotelplazasantalucia.com

Regina Eurostars www.eurostarsregina.com

Reyes Católicos www.hotelreyescatolicos.info

San Pablo www.hotelsanpablosevilla.es

Venecia www.hotelveneciasevilla.es

Virgen de los Reyes www.hotelvirgendelosreyes.es

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Seville: Practical guide

2 * HOTELS

Abril www.hotelabril.com

Adriano www.adrianohotel.com

Alcántara www.hotelalcantara.net

Amadeus www.hotelamadeussevilla.com

Baco www.baco.es

Casa de Colón www.hotelcasadecolon.com

Casual Sevilla de las Letras www.casualhoteles.com

Cool Sevilla Hotel www.hotelcoolsevilla.com

Corral del Rey www.corraldelrey.com

Don Pedro www.hoteldonpedro.net

Doña Blanca www.donablanca.com

Doña Lola www.donalolasevilla.com

Doña Manuela www.hoteldonamanuela.com

Goya www.hotelgoyasevilla.com

Hosteria del Laurel www.hosteriadellaurel.com

La Hostería de Doña Lina www.hlina.com

Murillo www.hotelmurillo.com

Petit Palace Canalejas www.petitpalacecanalejassevilla.com

Sevilla www.hotelsevillaweb.es

Un Patio al Sur www.patioalsur.es

Un Patio en Santa Cruz www.patiosantacruz.com

YH Giralda www.yh-hoteles.com



1* HOTELS

Europa www.hoteleuropasevilla.com

Ibis www.ibishotel.com

La Casa del Maestro www.lacasadelmaestro.com

Londres www.londreshotel.com

Madrid www.hotelmadridsevilla.es

Maestranza www.hotelmaestranza.es

Nuestra Señora de Valme www.hotel-valme.com

Patio de Cruces www.hotelpatiodelascruces.com

Plaza www.hotel-plaza.es

Puerta de Sevilla www.hotelpuertadesevilla.com

San Francisco www.sanfranciscoh.com

Simón www.hotelsimonsevilla.com

For more information on accommodation, you can ask at our tourist information office.



CITY TRANSPORT



TAKE A STROLL

ALONG TTS

STREETS

Seville is easily accessible on foot as the city is very flat. We highly recommend walking around the streets to enjoy and absorb its beauty.

The city's public transport options are:

Taxi: Seville has a large fleet of taxis: 2,000 taxis operating 365 days a year.

Taxi company telephone numbers: 954580000 / 954622222 / 954675555

Special Taxis for people with disabilities: 954476060.

Buses: Seville's municipal public transport company (TUSSAM) has a network of 43 routes during the daytime and 9 routes at night. You can see the timetables and routes at **www.tussam.es**

Tram: Linking the San Bernardo zone (the shopping and hotel district) with the Plaza Nueva (City Hall), with five stops along the way. www.tussam.es

For both the bus and tram there is a multi-trip card with minimum top-ups, with which each trip is cheaper.

These cards are bought and topped-up in estancos and kiosks, and can also be topped-up at the ticket machines at tram stops (Archive of the Indias (Archivo de Indias), Plaza Nueva, Prado de San Sebastián, Puerta Jerez and San Bernardo).

To travel around Seville, you can also buy a tourist card for 1 day or 3 days. Unlimited travel during its validity period. These can be bought from TUSSAM information points located in:

Prado de San Sebastián (next to the Metrocentro stop). Opening hours: Monday to Friday from 8:00 to 20:00.

Plaza Ponce de León. Opening Hours: Monday to Friday from 9:00 to 14:00 / 17:00 to 19:15.

Metro: Line 1 connects the Aljarafe and Dos Hermanas with the centre of Seville (Puerta de Jerez Station and Prado de San Sebastián). **www.metro-sevilla.es**

Local trains: RENFE has a local train service for comfortable travel to different parts of the city (lines C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5). www.renfe.com



Bicycle: Seville has one of the most extensive bike path networks in Europe (142 km.) It connects the city centre with most parts of the city. Seville is an ideal city to explore by bicycle thanks to its good climate and because it's relatively flat. Bicycles are ideal for visiting the city and for everyday life.

There are numerous private bike rental companies as well as the public hire service "Sevici" with 2,500 bicycles distributed across 250 parking areas

www.sevici.es

WHAT TO VISIT

If you like culture, history and art, Seville is your city. Seville has a rich historical-artistic legacy as a result of the different civilizations that settled in our city (Phoenicians, Romans, Visigoths, Arabs) and the different artistic currents that came from other countries (Gothic, Renaissance, Baroque...).

A CULTURAL
/ AND ARTISTIC
MOSAIC



There are many interesting places to visit, but here are those we recommend that you should not miss during your stay in Seville.

Zone 1: World Heritage monuments, Santa Cruz and San Bartolomé

Zone 2: Central Zone

Zone 3: Plaza de la Encarnación - Macarena District

Zone 4: Alameda- San Lorenzo District

Zone 5: María Luisa Park and Plaza de España

Zone 6: Arenal District

Zone 7: Triana District

Zone 8: Cartuia Island

WORLD HERITAGE

MONUMENTS, SANTA

CRUZ AND SAN

BARTOLOMÉ

/ ZONE 1



We recommend visits to the three monuments declared World Heritage Sites by UNESCO in 1987: the Cathedral and Giralda, the Alcázar and the Archive of the Indias (Archivo de Indias).

The **Catedral de Santa María de la Sede** is the largest Gothic church in the world and the third largest church after St Peter's in the Vatican and St Paul's in London. Built on the site of the main Almohad mosque, work began in the fifteenth century. Remains of the old mosque are still preserved including the Giralda, its minaret, which is the symbol of the city, and the Patio de los Naranjos, the courtyard where ritual ablutions were performed.

Some of the leading artists of the time worked in the Cathedral and during its construction Renaissance, Baroque and Neoclassical elements were added. Its numerous chapels contain magnificent works of art, such as paintings by Murillo, Goya and Zurbarán; sculptures by Martínez Montañés, Juan de Mesa and Alonso Cano; works in precious metals including the urn of Rey San Fernando, made by Juan Laureano de Pina and beautiful stained glass.

Highlights are the magnificent Retablo Mayor altarpiece, designed by the Flemish sculptor Pierre Dancart in 1482 and considered Christianity's best altarpiece; the Sacristía de los Cálices, where you can admire the Goya painting Santa Justa y Santa Rufina; the Sacristía Mayor, built in Renaissance style where the processional monstrance by Juan de Arfe can be found; and the Sala Capitular, with beautiful paintings by Murillo.

Several medieval kings are buried in the Capilla Real (Royal Chapel), including Ferdinand III, conqueror and patron of the city; Pedro I of Castile and his wife María de Padilla, and Alfonso X the Wise. In addition, you can see the tomb of Christopher Columbus.

From the Giralda you can enjoy the best views of the city. Another interesting visit is to the church roofs, for which it is necessary to book in advance.

Cathedral and Giralda:

Puerta de San Cristóbal. Tel: 954214971 www.catedraldesevilla.es www.reservas.cubiertasdelacatedral.com



The **Real Alcázar** is the oldest royal palace in use in Europe. It remains a royal residence and is where Spain's royal family stay when visiting Seville. It is a group of palaces built in different historical eras whose origins date back to the tenth century. King Pedro I of Castile played a fundamental role in its history by ordering the construction of the Mudéjar palace, the main building. In addition to its beautiful rooms, you can stroll through its beautiful gardens, the second largest the city. Numerous films and series have been shot in the Alcázar, including Lawrence of Arabia, The Kingdom of Heaven and the famous series Game of Thrones.

Real Alcázar:

Patio de Banderas s/n. Tel: 954502324 www.alcazarsevilla.org





The **Archive of the Indias** (Archivo de Indias) is one of the most important historical archives in the country, holding 43,000 documents and files. It was created in 1785 by King Carlos III. Set in a beautiful Renaissance building, within its walls are saved documents related to the discovery and colonization of America. During the year, numerous exhibitions are organized related to the presence of Spain in America.

Archive of the Indias:

Avda. de la Constitución s/n. Tel: 954500528 www.mecd.gob.es

Santa Cruz District and San Bartolomé District.

These two neighbourhoods make up the city's old Jewish quarter. To wander through its streets full of legends is a great pleasure. In addition to beautiful hidden corners, you'll find lovely squares such as the Plaza de Doña Elvira, the Plaza de la Alianza and the Plaza de Santa Cruz, where Seville's famous painter Bartolomé Esteban Murillo is buried.

Los Venerables Hospital (Hospital de los Venerables) and Diego Velázquez Centre.

Founded in 1675 by Canon Don Justino de Neve, today this is the headquarters of the Fundación Focus. It has a beautiful central courtyard and its church contains paintings by Valdés Leal and Lucas Valdés. This beautiful building is also home to the Diego Velázquez Centre, where his works and those of his contemporaries are displayed.

Los Venerables Hospital and Diego Velázquez Centre:

Plaza de los Venerables, 8. Tel: 954562696 www.focus.abengoa.es



Seville: Practical guide
WHAT TO VISIT



Santa María la Blanca Church.

Built on the site of an early Jewish synagogue, the current configuration of the church owes much to the reconstruction undertaken in 1662. Among the many treasures housed inside are the paintings of The Last Supper by Murillo and the Piedad by Luis de Vargas.

Santa María la Blanca Church:

Iglesia de Santa María la Blanca C/ Santa María la Blanca, 5. Tel: 954410593

Pilate's House (Casa de Pilatos).

The residence of the Dukes of Medinaceli and Alcalá, this sumptuous palace complex was built by Fadrique Enríquez de Ribera on his return from a trip to Jerusalem in 1519. Of particular note among the many constructive elements that were imported from Genoa are the entrance facade and the main courtyard's columns and fountain. It contains beautiful panels of tiles made in the sixteenth century.

Pilate's House:

Plaza de Pilatos, 1.
Tel: 954225298
www.fundacionmedinaceli.org/monumentos/pilatos

Roman columns.

Where Aire street and Mármoles street meet, there are three famous Roman columns that apparently belonged to a temple of the second century CE, built under Hadrian or his successor Antoninus Pius.





Interpretation centre of the Jewish quarter

The purpose of this centre is to continue the memory of the Sephardic people of Seville. It has a permanent exhibition with interesting content and also reveals the legends of the people and places of the Sevillian Jewish guarter.

c/ Ximenez de Enciso. 22-Ac. Tel: 635 71 97 96 www.juderiadesevilla.es

Casa de Salinas: this is a sixteenth century palatial house built under the Renaissance influence that Sevilla experienced at a time when it was an important metropolis in commercial trade with America. Wealthy families owned the Casa de Salinas, the first of which was of the Jaén Roelas lineage. In the mid nineteenth century the birth right ended and the house passed through several hands. It was a school, including a boarding house and a masonic lodge formed by important noble and aristocratic families of Seville.

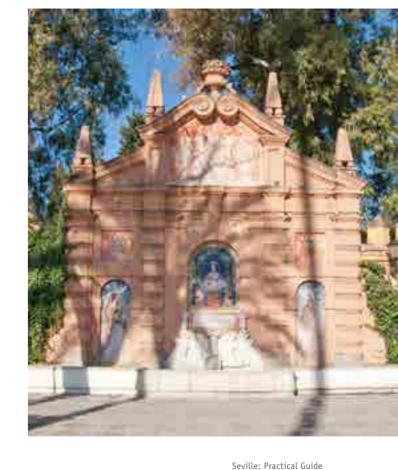
c/ Mateos Gago, 39. Teléfono: 954 21 95 39 www.casadesalinas.com

Murillo Gardens

Until the beginning of the twentieth century the space occupied by the Murillo Gardens were the vegetable gardens (Huerta del Retiro) of the grounds of the Alcázar of Seville. In 1911 King Alfonso XIII gave this land to the city.

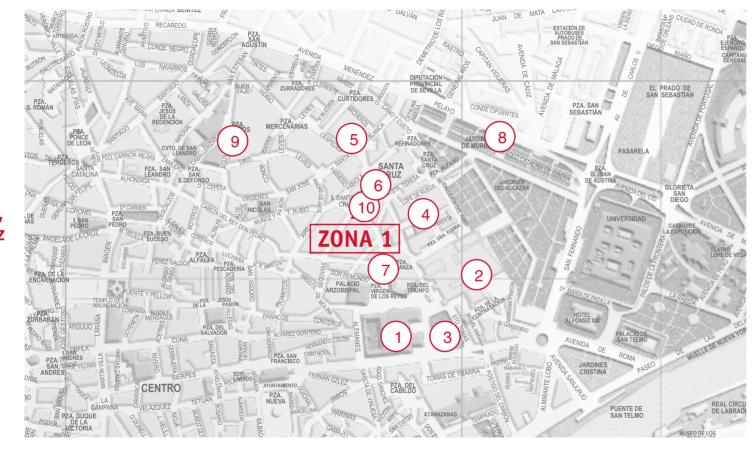
The municipal architect Juan Talavera y Heredia was entrusted with designing the structure of the walkways and gazebos of these gardens, and this is why they started to be called the "Talavera gardens".

In 1918 José Laguillo, director of the newspaper El Liberal, proposed the change of name, dedicating the gardens to the painter Bartolomé Esteban Murillo.



Seville: Practical Guide WHAT TO VISIT

WORLD
HERITAGE
MONUMENTS,
/ SANTA CRUZ
AND SAN
BARTOLOMÉ



- 1. Cathedral
- 2. Real Alcázar
- 3. Archive of the Indias
- 4. Los Venerables Hospital
- 5. Santa María la Blanca Church
- **6.** Interpretation Centre of the Jewish Quarter
- 7. Casa de Salinas
- 8. Murillo Gardens
- 9. Pilate's House
- **10.** Roman columns



CENTRAL ZONE

/ ZONE 2



Museum of Fine Arts (Museo de Bellas Artes).

Is the city's most important museum of painting and sculpture. Housed in a former convent which was renovated in the seventeenth century, the building is a jewel of mannerist style. In its 14 rooms, you can admire paintings ranging from the fifteenth century to Seville's twentieth century genre painting. Of particular note are the Seville Baroque rooms, with works by Murillo, Valdés Leal and Zurbarán *Museum of Fine Arts*:

Plaza del Museo, 9. Tel: 955542931 www.juntadeandalucia.es/cultura/museos/ MBASE



City Hall.

Note its two facades constructed in different architectural styles. The facade facing the Plaza de San Francisco is one of the most representative examples of the Plateresque style, work of Diego de Riaño from the sixteenth century. The facade located in the Plaza Nueva is neoclassical. Prior booking is required for your visit.

City Hall:

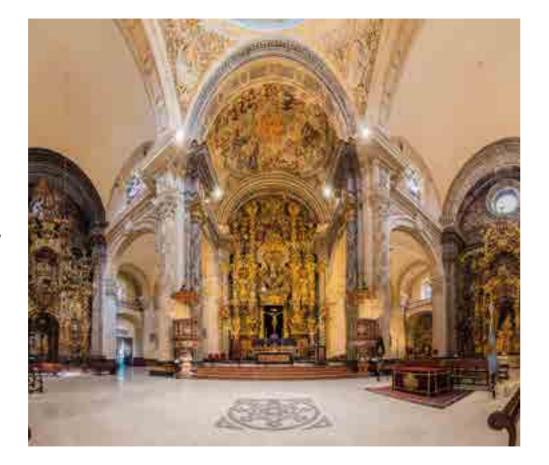
Plaza Nueva, 1.

Reservations: 902559386

The Church of the Saviour (Iglesia del Salvador), is the second most important church in the city after the Cathedral. It is located on the site of the ancient Roman Forum, where the largest mosque in the Caliphate era was later built in the ninth century. The present church is a seventeenth century creation in Baroque style. The interior houses two works of art of sevillano imagery, the crucifixion by Juan de Mesa (Cristo del Amor / Christ of Love) and the Cristo de Pasión / Christ of Passion, by Martínez Montañés, which is carried in procession during Easter Week.

Church of the Saviour:

Plaza del Salvador s/n. Tel: 954211679 www.iglesiadelsalvador.es



Condesa de Lebrija Palace (Palacio de la Condesa de Lebrija).

It is an example of a Seville mansion. It has beautiful mosaics from the ancient Roman town of Itálica as well as archaeological remains of great value.

Condesa de Lebrija Palace:

C/ Cuna, 8. Tel: 954227802 www.palaciodelebrija.com





Flamenco dance Museum.

In this museum situated in an eighteenth-century building visitors can learn about the origins and evolution of flamenco, its different categories and the main artists.

Flamenco Dance Museum:

C/ Manuel Rojas Marcos, 3. Tel: 954340311 www.museoflamenco.com

PZA. DE LA ENCARNACIÓN MUSEO NAVAL



- 11. Museum of Fine Arts
- **12.** City Hall
- 13. Church of the Saviour
- **14.** Condesa de Lebrija Palace
- **15.** Flamenco Dance Museum



PLAZA DE LA ENCARNACIÓN AND MACARENA DISTRICT

/ **ZONE** 3



Las Setas, this building displays contemporary art from recent years. Located in the Plaza de la Encarnación, in the heart of the city, it is a wooden structure with a concrete core, dimensions of 150x70 metres and a height of about 28 metres. From its viewpoint, you can enjoy magnificent views of the city.

Las Setas:

Plaza de la Encarnación Tel: 606635214 www.setasdesevilla.com

Antiquarium.

This museum is on the ground floor of Las Setas and houses archaeological remains, mainly from Roman times.

Antiquarium:

Plaza de la Encarnación Tel: 955471580 www.setasdesevilla.com/antiquarium-setas-sevilla



Las Dueñas Palace.

Seville residence of the House of Alba. Its style ranges from the Gothic-Mudéjar to the Renaissance, containing examples and details with sevillano touches on its bricks, roof tiles, tiles, whitewash and ceramics. It has a typical Andalusian courtyard. One of the main attractions of the Las Dueñas Palace is the important artistic and decorative collection it contains, which amounts to 1,425 pieces, including works of art, furniture and other antiques.

In the nineteenth century, Dueñas was turned into apartments. Interestingly, one of the tenants, and manager of the Palacio in 1875, was Antonio Machado Álvarez, father of the famous poet Antonio Machado. Machado evokes the first eight years of his life, lived in Dueñas, in some well-known verses.

Numerous celebrities have visited the Palacio, including the composer Cole Porter, the musician Arthur Rubinstein, Jackie Kennedy, Prince Rainier III of Monaco and his wife Grace Kelly.

Las Dueñas Palace:

C/ Dueñas, 5. Tel: 954214828 www.lasduenas.es

Marqueses de la Algaba Palace.

A renaissance mansion of great architectural value with an important Gothic-Mudéjar facade. It is home to the Mudéjar Interpretation Centre, where beautiful pieces from Seville's churches and convents are displayed.

Marqueses de la Algaba Palace:

Plaza Calderón de la Barca s/n. Tel: 955472097

San Luis de los Franceses Church.

The former Noviciado Jesuita church is the masterpiece of Leonardo de Figueroa. Construction began in 1699 and continued until 1731. Notable in its interior are the set of altarpieces, all works of the sculptor Pedro Duque Cornejo, and the dome's frescoes by Lucas Valdés.

San Luis de los Franceses Church:

c/ San Luis. 27. Tel: 954550207

Email: sanluis visita@dipusevilla.es

Santa Paula Convent.

Founded in the fifteenth century, the convent has a rich artistic heritage that the sisters who live here have dedicated themselves to caring for. In addition, you can buy some of their delicious handmade products such as jams, quince jellies, tocinos de cielo ... a pleasure for the palate.

Santa Paula Convent:

C/ Santa Paula, 11. Tel: 954536330 www.santapaula.es



Remains of the Walls and the Macarena Arch.

The walls were built during the period of Islamic occupation (Almorávide period).

The door or arch of the Macarena is, together with the postigo del Aceite and the puerta de Córdoba, one of the wall's only three remaining access points.

Macarena Basilica, in this church of contemporary architecture, one of the images of Easter Week which is most famous inside and outside of our city, the Virgen of the Macarena, is venerated. In its museum, you can learn the history of this brotherhood and study the belongings used in their season of penance.

Macarena Basilica:

C/ Bécquer, 1. Tel: 954901800

www.hermandaddelamacarena.es

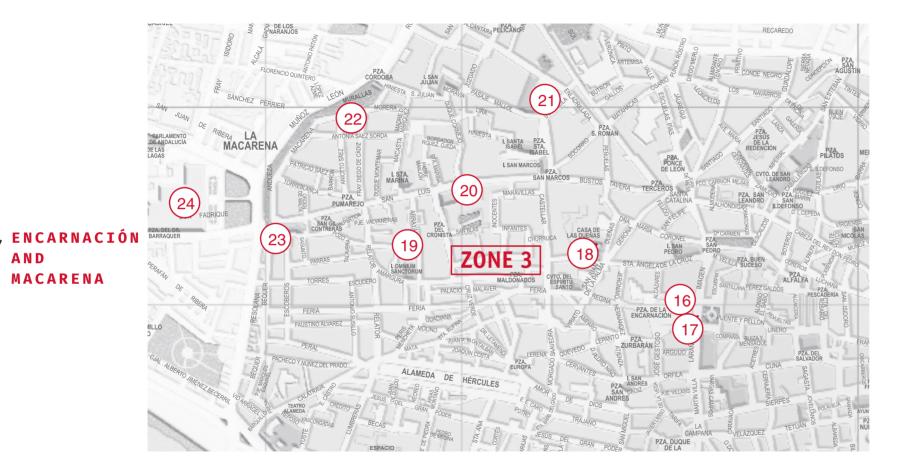


Las Cinco Llagas Hospital (Hospital de las Cinco Llagas),

a Renaissance building designed by Martín de Gainza, played an important role in welfare work. It is currently the headquarters of the Andalusian Parliament, so visits require prior reservation.

Las Cinco Llagas Hospital:

C/ San Juan de Ribera s/n. Tel: 954595929



16. Las Setas

17. Antiquarium

18. Las Dueñas Palace

19. Marqueses de la Algaba Palace

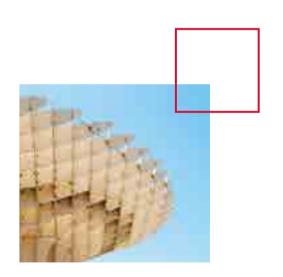
20. San Luis de los Franceses Church

21. Santa Paula Convent

22. Remains of the Walls and the Macarena Arch

23. Macarena Basilica

24. Las Cinco Llagas Hospital



AND

ALAMEDA AND SAN LORENZO DISTRICT

/ ZONE 4



Alameda de Hércules.

Today this is one of the most vibrant areas of the city. Created by the Conde de Barajas in 1574, at its southern end can be seen two columns from the Roman Temple on the Mármoles street, which are crowned with sculptures of Julius Caesar and Hercules, considered to be the founders of the city.

Gran Poder Basilica.

In 1620, Juan de Mesa carved this magnificent Jesus of Nazareth, the Cristo del Gran Poder / Christ of the Great Power, which is carried in procession during the early hours of Good Friday and which has many devotees. The church was built between 1960 and 1965, in historicist style.

Gran Poder Basilica:

Plaza de San Lorenzo, 13. Tel: 954915686 www.gran-poder.es

Santa Clara Convent.

This former Almohad palace later belonged to Don Fadrique and was then a convent of the Poor Clares until 1998. Currently it is used to host various cultural events.

Santa Clara Convent:

C/ Becas s/n. Tel: 955471302

www.espaciosantaclara.org

San Clemente Monastery.

This monastery belongs to the Cistercian order and is the oldest in the city, dating its founding to the second half of the thirteenth century. Prior booking is required for your visit.

San Clemente Monastery:

C/ Reposo, 9. Tel: 954378040

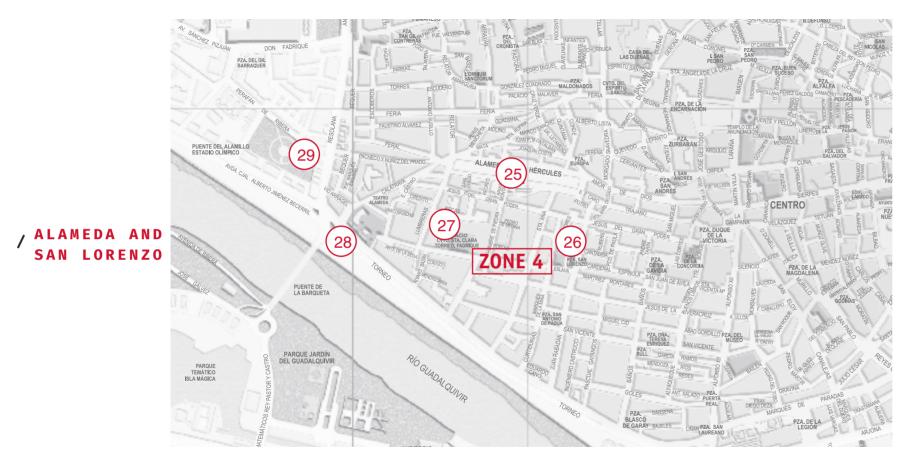
www.sanclementesevilla.es



Tower of Perdigones (Camera Obscura)

This tower was part of the old factory of San Francisco de Paula, popularly known as the Perdigones Factory. Created in 1885, it was one of the many foundries that existed in the city, fully dedicated to producing shot pellets. From 2007 it operates as a Camera Obscura, from which you can view the city at a height of 45 metres.

Calle Resolana, s/n Tel: 679 091 073





- **26.** Gran Poder Basilica
- 27. Santa Clara Convent
- **28.** San Clemente Monastery
- **29.** Tower of Perdigones (Camera Obscura)



MARÍA LUISA PARK

/ ZONE 5



María Luisa Park.

With an area of 340,000 m2, in addition to its great botanical value due to the different plant species living in it, this park has an extraordinary historical interest. It was the headquarters of the Latin American Exhibition of 1929, and two beautiful squares in regionalist style were built for this: the **Plaza de España**, emblematic monument of the city, made of brick and beautiful ceramic panels, and the **Plaza de América**, where you'll find two museums: the **Archaeological Museum** (Museo Arqueológico) displays important archaeological evidence, including the Tesoro del Carambolo, treasure from the Tartessian era; and the **Museum of Arts and Traditions** (Museo de Artes y Costumbres Populares), which houses ethnographic collections.

Located in the Plaza de España, with its entrance next to the Puerta de Aragón, is the **Regional Military Museum** (Museo Militar Regional), which inherited much of the collection of Seville's former Maestranza de Artillería.

In the avenues adjacent to the park, you can see some of the pavilions of the countries participating in this exhibition, including those of Argentina, Guatemala, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, Morocco, the United States, Peru, Chile, Uruguay and Portugal, as well as the buildings that formed the Seville pavilion: the Casino de la Exposición and the Lope de Vega Theatre.



Archaeological Museum:

Plaza de América s/n.
Tel: 955120632
www.museosdeandalucia.es/cultura/museos/MASE

Museum of Arts and Traditions:

Plaza de América, 3. Tel: 955542951 www.museosdeandalucia.es/cultura/museos/MACSE

Regional Military Museum:

Puerta de Aragón. Plaza de España. Tel: 954938283

Aquarium.

Immerse yourself in the planet's various seabeds in a fun and educational way. Situated next to the river, the aquarium contains about 7,000 specimens from 400 different aquatic species housed in more than 31 exhibition tanks. Recreate Magellan's 1519 circumnavigation of the world, which departed from and returned to the port of Seville.

Aquarium:

Muelle de las Delicias s/n. Tel: 954441541 www.acuariosevilla.es



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The Science House (Casa de la Ciencia).

Located in the Peru Pavilion of the Exhibition of 1929, this is an ideal place for families and children. It is a space for scientific dissemination which has permanent exhibitions on universal scientific issues and a planetarium to bring the world of the celestial bodies to children of all ages.

The Science House:

Pabellón de Perú. Avda. Mª Luisa s/n. Tel: 954232349 www.casadelaciencia.csic.es

Tobacco Factory (Fábrica de Tabacos).

The Tobacco Factory is the largest industrial construction constructed in Europe in the eighteenth century. The cigarette makers who worked inside its buildings have been immortalized in famous paintings like that of Gonzalo Bilbao, which can be seen at the Museum of Fine Arts (Museo de Bellas Artes), and in famous operas such as Carmen by Bizet. Currently it is the headquarters of the University of Seville.

Tobacco Factory:

C/ San Fernando, 4. Tel: 954551123



San Telmo Palace.

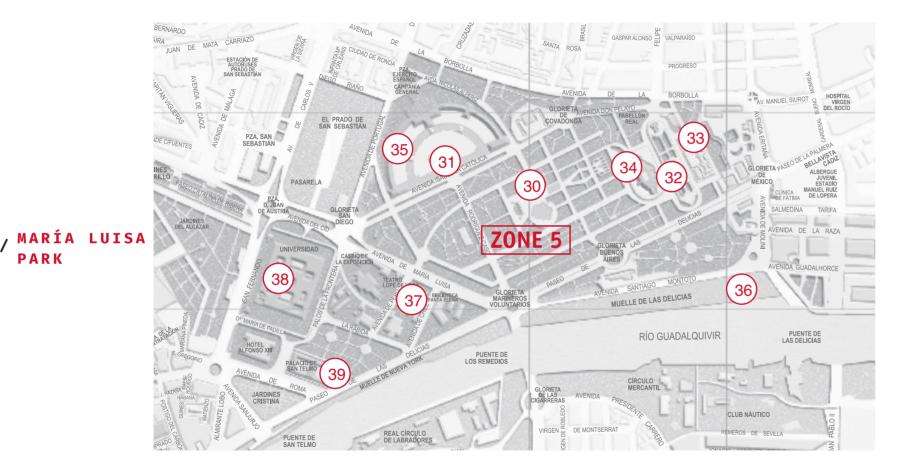
A beautiful building, originally built as the University of Merchants. It was designed by the architect Leonardo de Figueroa, assisted by his son Matías. Its north façade is crowned by twelve statues of illustrious people from Seville, a work by Antonio Susillo undertaken in 1895.

In the middle of the nineteenth century, it was acquired by the Dukes of Montpensier. It was later handed over to the church, becoming a Seminary. Since 1992, it has been the seat of the Presidency of the Junta de Andalucía.

Prior booking is required for your visit.

San Telmo Palace:

Avda. Roma s/n. Tel: 955001010



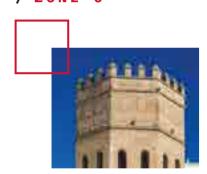
- **30.** María Luisa Park
- **31.** Plaza de España
- 32. Plaza de América
- **33.** Archaeological Museum
- 34. Museum of Arts and Traditions
- **35.** Regional Military Museum
- **36.** Aquarium
- 37. The Science House
- **38.** Tobacco Factory
- 39. San Telmo Palace



PARK

ARENAL DISTRICT

/ ZONE 6



Gold Tower (Torre del Oro).

The tower's construction dates back to the thirteenth century, when it formed part of the Almohad defence system. Inside is the Naval Museum, which houses important graphic and written documentation on the nautical history of Seville.

Gold Tower:

Paseo Cristóbal Colón s/n. Tel: 954222419



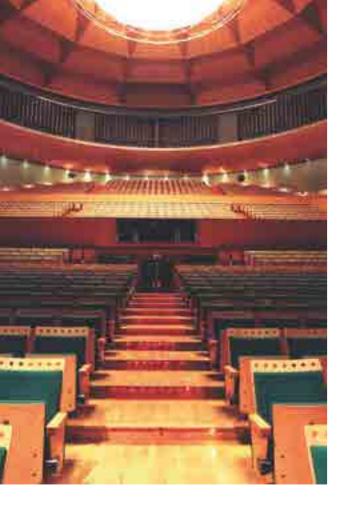


Santa Caridad Hospital.

Its beautiful church, in Baroque style, houses the paintings especially created for this building by Murillo and Valdés Leal, as well as sculptures by Pedro Roldán. The history of this hospital, and its main instigator Miguel de Manara, is an interesting one.

Santa Caridad Hospital:

C/ Temprado, 3. Tel: 954223232 www.santa-caridad.es



Maestranza Theatre.

Built for Expo92, this theatre is the great Andalusian stage for opera. Its programme also includes flamenco shows, ballet, classical music, great performers, zarzuela, etc. Guided tours are available.

Maestranza Theatre:

Paseo Cristóbal Colón, 22. Tel: 954226573 / 954223344 www.teatrodelamaestranza.es

Maestranza Bullring-Museum of Bullfighting (Plaza de Toros de la Maestranza-Museo Taurino).

This is one of the most important bullrings in the country with a capacity for 13,000 seats. You can visit the museum where paintings, sculptures (of note are the works of Mariano Benlliure), costumes and bullfighting posters are displayed ... and learn more about the world of bullfighting.

Maestranza Bullring:

Paseo Cristóbal Colón, 12. Tel: 954224577

www.realmaestranza.com





Barranco Market.

Designed as the main fish market, this is one of the most interesting architectural works in iron, a style that had a boom in the mid-nineteenth century. It currently houses a food hall and places to eat and drink.

Lonja del Barranco Market:

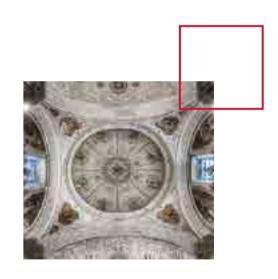
C/ Arjona s/n www.mercadolonjadelbarranco.com

Seville: Practical guide
WHAT TO VISIT

RÍO GUADALO PUENTE DE SAN TELMO LOS REMEDIOS ZONE 6 ESTACIÓN DE AUTOBUSES PLAZA DE ARMAS PZA. REPÚBLICA DOMINICANA PARQUE



- **40.** Gold Tower
- **41.** Santa Caridad Hospital
- **42.** Maestranza Theatre
- **43.** Maestranza Bullring
- 44. Barranco Market



TRIANA DISTRICT

/ZONE 7



The **Triana district**, located on the west bank of the river, offers many attractions for visitors: beautiful churches like the **Santa Ana Church (Parroquia de Santa Ana)**, built in the thirteenth century, the oldest and largest in the area; the **Chapel of the Sailors** (Capilla de los Marineros), where the image of the Virgin Esperanza de Triana is to be found; and the **Cachorro Basilica**, home of the magnificent image of the Cristo del Cachorro

Santa Ana Church:

C/ Vázquez de Leca, 1. Tel: 954270885

Chapel of the Sailors:

C/ Pureza, 53. Tel: 954332645

Cachorro Basilica:

C/ Castilla, 182. Tel: 954333341



Among other things, Triana is famous for its tradition of ceramics and pottery. To learn about its history and evolution we recommend a visit to the **Triana Ceramic Centre**, housed in a former ceramics factory. In this



centre, you can visit the factory as well as a permanent exhibition of ceramics made in the different artistic styles. There are also temporary exhibitions and a section dedicated to the Triana district.

Triana Ceramic Centre:

C/ Antillano Campos, 14. Tel: 954341582

In the **Castle of San Jorge**, an old Almohad castle which was the seat of the Spanish Inquisition from 1481 to 1785 and a symbol of the Inquisition in Europe, very well preserved archaeological remains of that historical era can be seen.

Castle of San Jorge:

Plaza del Altozano s/n Tel: 954332240

In the **Triana Market** you can experience the atmosphere of a typical Seville market and enjoy our cuisine in its bars. You can even take cooking classes to prepare some typical specialties of Seville for your friends and family.

Triana MArket:

C/ San Jorge, 6
www.mercadodetrianasevilla.com

Carriage Museum

The Carriage Museum of the Royal Harness Club of Andalusia was created in 1999; it is situated in the church of the former Convent of Los Remedios, founded by the Order of the Barefoot Carmelites. The museum offers a varied display of different types of carriages according to their intended use and their evolution over time.

Plaza de Cuba nº10 Tel: 954 27 26 04 www.museodecarruajes.es

PUENTE DE SAN TELMO ZONA 7 PUENTE TRIANA ISABEL II ESTACIÓN DE AUTOBUSES PLAZA DE ARMAS PINTADO ITÁLICA, HUELVA, P. N. DOÑANA, EXTREMADURA



46. Santa Ana Church

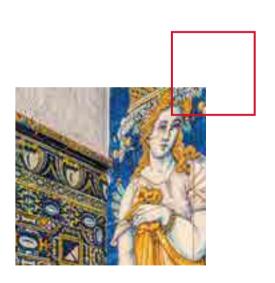
47. Chapel of the Sailors

48. Triana Market

49. Castle of San Jorge

50. Triana Ceramic Centre

51. Cachorro Basilica



/ TRIANA
DISTRICT

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WHAT TO VISIT
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CARTUJA ISLAND

/ ZONE 8



Seville Tower.

Designed by the architect Cesar Pelli, this is the first skyscraper built in the city, the tallest building in Andalusia and the seventh highest in Spain, with a height of 180.5 metres and 37 floors.







Caixaforum: this is the third most important in Spain. With a surface area of 7,500 metres squared, it is situated in the Sevilla Tower complex. The cultural centre, designed by the architect Guillermo Vázquez Consuegra has two exhibition halls, an auditorium with room for 276 people, two multipurpose rooms, workshops, cafeteria, bookshop and shop.

Camino de los Descubrimientos y calle Jerónimo de Aguilar

Tel: 955657611

www.caixaforum.es/sevilla/home

Navigation Pavilion.

Built for the Universal Exhibition of 1992, this was one of five themed pavilions. Given the importance of shipping in the history of Seville, families and children in particular can learn the stories and experiences of some sailors who crossed the ocean in search of a new life.

Navigation Pavilion:

Camino de los Descubrimientos, 2. Tel: 954043111 www.pabellondelanavegacion.es





La Cartuja Monastery and Contemporary Art Andalusian Centre.

In 1400 the La Cartuja Monastery (Monasterio de la Cartuja) in honour of Santa María de las Cuevas was founded. The body of Christopher Columbus was buried in the monastery for about 30 years, because its monks welcomed him and helped in the preparation of his trip. After the Confiscation of Mendizábal in 1835, the building lost its religious character and was sold to the English industrialist Charles Pickman who established a pottery and porcelain factory. Because of this new industrial use, stoves and fireplaces were installed. During Expo92, it was used as the Royal Pavilion. It currently houses the Centro Andaluz de Arte Contemporáneo.

La Cartuja Monastery:

www.caac.es

Avda. Américo Vespucio, 2. Tel: 955037070



Isla Mágica Park.

A theme park located near the city centre and based around Seville at the time of the discovery of America. There are numerous attractions and shows for all ages and you can also refresh yourself at its Agua Mágica water park.

Isla Mágica Park:

Avda. de los Descubrimientos s/n. Tel: 902161716 www.islamagica.es

PUENTE DE LA BARQUETA (56) PARQUE JARDÍN DEL GUADALQUÍVÍR PARQUE TEMÁTICO ISLA MÁGICA ZONE 8 ESTACIÓN DE AUTOBUSES PLAZA DE ARMAS PASARELA DE LA CARTUJA PUENTE DEL CACHORRO CRISTO DE LA EXPIRACIÓN PUERTO FLUV**I**AL VINC) PENANCE PARQUE DE LA CARTUJA PUERTA ÁY HUELVA, DE TRIANA S P. N. DOÑANA, EXTREMADURA



PUENTE DEL ALAMILLO ESTADIO OLÍMPICO

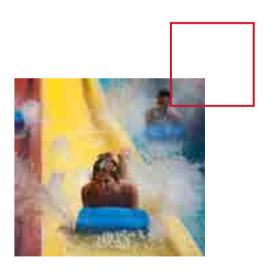
52. Seville Tower

53 Caixaforum

54. Navigation Pavilion

55. La Cartuja Monastery and CAAC

56. Isla Mágica Park



GASTRONOMY

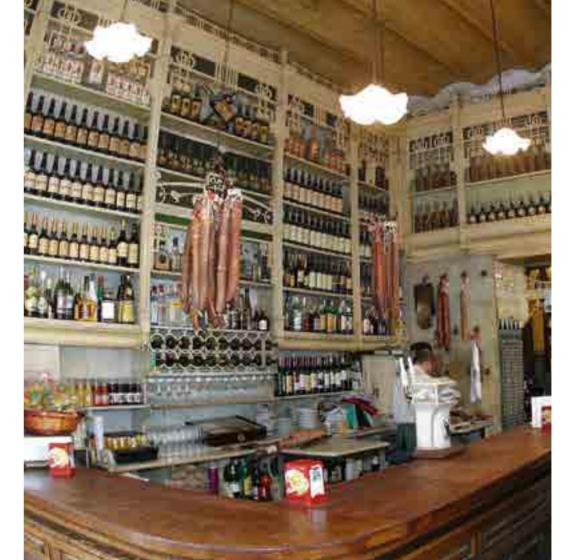


Gastronomy is one of the main attractions of Seville. Of great richness and variety, you can taste dishes of traditional cuisine and innovative recipes in the city's many bars and restaurants.

The *tapa* is undoubtedly its hallmark. In addition to the most typical, such as spinach with chickpeas, fried fish, cod *pavía*, *carrillada*, potato salad, *menudo*, snails or *montadito* "*pringá*", each establishment offers its own specialties and all the time it is possible to find more elaborate and creative tapas: tuna tartare, marinated sardines on seed bread with tomato compote, cod confit with black linguini, porcini carpaccio, mango gazpacho with sautéed prawns, squid with *migas* and herring roe.

A characteristic of the city, thanks to its favourable climate, is that you can enjoy the pleasant experience of outdoor dining on the terraces and outside areas in any season.

In addition to eating, Seville offers different ways of learning more about our cuisine: learn to prepare traditional dishes; follow gastronomic routes; visit the food markets with their stalls of fresh produce (fruit, vegetables, meat, fish ...), etc.



And for those with a sweet tooth, we recommend buying sweet pastries made by the nuns of the sevillano convents. Truly a delight for the palate.

RANGE OF

GASTRONOMY

71 /

SHOPPING



/ UNIQUE SHOPPING

OPPORTUNITIES

Shopping is another important factor to consider when choosing a holiday destination. Seville is ideal for this because it has a wide network of shopping areas, not only in the centre but also in other districts of the city (Nervión, Los Remedios).

Seville offers visitors establishments with big national and international brands in fashion, footwear, accessories, jewellery, decoration, etc., either in large stores or in specialist shops.



Furthermore, because of its artisan tradition, you can buy typical products of high quality. For example, pottery and ceramics, the most established traditional manufactures, with a variety of products and styles. Those of the Triana district are well known. For many centuries, most of the factories and artisan workshops were based here.

There is also special appeal and vitality surrounding the entire creative sector related to flamenco dresses (fashion, accessories, footwear), which offers both a wide range of traditional dresses and a growing number of designs that approach haute couture. Other craft items which should be considered include saddlery, because of the great love of horses, guitars made by skilled craftsmen, fans, lace and embroidered shawls from Manila.

Also of note is the craftsmanship surrounding the celebrations and iconographic representations of Easter Week (imagery, precious metal work, embroidery, woodwork, embossing, gold working, quilting, candle making, among other sumptuous arts). Given their expertise, many workshops receive orders from all over Spain and Latin America.



FLAMENCO



Flamenco, a universal art, has been declared Intangible Heritage of Humanity by UNESCO. Seville has much to say about flamenco, because it is its cradle and the main source for the renowned artists who have marked its evolution and development.

In Seville, visitors can enjoy displays of this art in flamenco venues or tablaos, in flamenco clubs, and in a large number of establishments where attendees spontaneously dance and sing.

Also, the main theatres of Seville (Maestranza Theatre, Central Theatre, Lope de Vega Theatre) often offer flamenco shows of a high artistic level.

When it comes to experiencing flamenco in



Seville, the key date is the Bienal de Arte Flamenco, the most important festival in the world in this cultural field. It is held in even years, from early September to early October, for five weeks. In the Bienial, the leading singers, dancers and guitar players perform in the city's main theatres and monuments (Real Alcázar, Santa Clara Monastery, San Luis Church...) See www.labienal.com

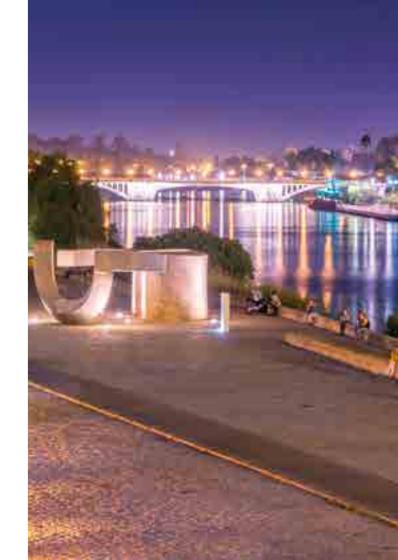
To learn about and enjoy its origins, history and evolution, nothing is better than to visit the Flamenco Dance Museum (with a very audiovisual exhibition approach), created by the renowned flamenco dancer Cristina Hoyos. www.museoflamenco.com

NIGHTLIFE



Seville, with all of its corners and squares, marks nights of fun with a very special charm. Seville offers many leisure areas for all styles and moods, an open city whose character invites you to have fun and live intensely. The centre of Seville, the largest historic quarter in Spain, is also full of surprising nightlife spots. The visitor can discover bars that are transformed when night falls, venues that seem to appear as if by magic in the labyrinth of streets or terraces and rooftops that offer spectacular view of the city's illuminated skyline. On the shore of the Guadalquivir, both in Triana and in Arenal, you will find spaces where you can dance and be infected with the joy of Seville. The river, this guiding thread of the city, transmits a special and vibrant excitement to the nearby terraces and streets. La Alameda de Hércules is not just the oldest public garden in Europe, but is also the most well-known youth recreation area in Seville. A large pedestrian area full of bars and restaurants with different personalities, and frequented often by travellers and students from all corners of the globe. Unveiling its

cosmopolitan seduction before its visitors, the Alameda is a fantastic mix of historic elements, such as its emblematic Roman columns, creative spaces, with a large number of multicultural offerings, and life, so much nightlife.



FIESTAS



SEVILLIAN

EASTER WEEK

Easter Week is one of the main festivals of Seville and is considered worldwide to be one of the most important cultural events of the commemoration of the Passion of Christ. A melting pot of rituals, arts, customs and experiences, which brings together a wide range of people from Seville and elsewhere. The sum of artistic heritage and historical tradition go hand in hand with social development and the contemporaneity of its roots in families and neighbourhoods. The celebration revolves around the 60 brotherhoods that process to the Cathedral in this season of penance: a beautiful sight. The moment of greatest expectation is in the early hours of the morning leading from Maundy Thursday into Good Friday, when the protagonists are the most popular and largest brotherhoods. Day and night, it's a feast for the senses with the smells of incense and flowers, candles, the sounds of the marches and the sacred songs ... All this is captivating for the large number of people who visit the city during Easter Week.

Each year, Easter Sunday begins the **bullfighting season** in the historic Plaza de la Real Maestranza de Caballería. The season then lasts until 12 October, Day of Hispanic Heritage and a national holiday. The week prior to the April Fair, and every day of the Fair, are the most important periods of the bullfighting calendar, when the most important bullfighters face the challenge of showing their art in the ring before fans from around the world.

A few weeks after Easter, Seville celebrates its other great fiesta of worldwide fame, the **Feria de Abril** (April Fair). An explosion of joy, where the fun never stops, it takes place next to the district of Los Remedios in a huge expanse which is preserved during the rest of the year for the assembly of the ephemeral city where the *Feria* lives for a week. Each day, at mid-day and in the early hours of the evening, the attractive promenade of riders and carriages takes place, full of colour and elegance. At night, with the area lit by more than 200,000 bulbs, the *fiesta* lasts until the small hours of the morning.

For the *feria*, numerous *casetas* - canvas tents - are put up, both public and private, where the party takes place: where people sing, dance *sevillanas* and enjoy the typical gastronomy. The *casetas* are decorated with flowers, banners and lanterns, and each year a prize is awarded to the best decorated.

In May or June, when the religious calendar marks the feast of Pentecost, 50 days after the end of Easter Week, the **Romería del Rocío** takes place. Famous for the great devotion that exists towards the image of the Virgen del Rocio, popularly called la Blanca Paloma (the White Dove). From the city of Seville and from the villages of Seville province, numerous brotherhoods make pilgrimages of several days to the sanctuary next to the Doñana wetlands.



It is Spain's busiest pilgrimage, with a colourful and unique atmosphere.

Another of Seville's major festivals is the **Corpus Christie**, a tradition and a procession celebrated since the seventeenth century. On the eve of Corpus Christie, there are streets in the centre of the city filled with rosemary and decorated with altars for the festival. The focal point of the procession is the *Custodia*, made by Juan de Arfe, with 300 kg of silver. On that day, and for the next eight days, you can enjoy a beautiful *sevillano* tradition, the Baile de los Seises, who dance and sing before the guardian angel on the Cathedral's Altar del Jubileo.

Another highlight is the **Vela de Santa Ana** festival held in July in Triana, across the river, one of the most unique and ancient neighbourhoods of Seville. On the Betis street, a number of *casetas* are set up where you can sample the cuisine. In the plaza del Altozano, the nerve centre of the neighbourhood, there are displays of music and dance, especially flamenco and *sevillanas*.

During the **Christmas holidays** in Seville there's a special animation in the air, favoured by the benign climate. Shops and streets are decorated and illuminated as befits the time of year. There are Christmas markets and many nativity scenes that are created and displayed in convents,







churches, monasteries, government offices, shopping centres, etc. for the enjoyment of adults and children. You can also buy handcrafted items in the popular Feria del Belén (Bethlehem Fair).

On 4 January, the Royal Herald will walk through the city centre streets to announce the arrival of the Three Kings in Seville.

A highlight is the festival of the Three Kings and their cavalcade, which is the most eagerly awaited by children and full of joy and enthusiasm.

Seville City Council organizes a special programme so that children and adults can enjoy various activities during the Christmas holidays. To this are added the efforts of a large number of cultural, neighbourhood and business entities, which promote concerts of orchestral music, chamber music, singers, choirs, bell ringers, flamenco...

FESTIVALS



INTENSE
/ YEAR-ROUND
CULTURAL
ACTIVITY

Seville offers a thriving cultural life throughout the year and organizes more than 40 festivals. Art, opera, literature, theatre, music, film, dance, flamenco, rock, pop, hip hop, rap, comics, photography, historical heritage ... a large number of activities aimed at all audiences.

The main theatres of the city are:

The **Maestranza Theatre**, the largest in Andalusia, opened in 1991 for Expo92, with a full and varied programme (opera, classical music concerts of the Royal Seville Symphony Orchestra, flamenco, great singers, pop musicians or jazz artists, contemporary dance, ballet, zarzuela)

Paseo Cristóbal Colón, 22. Tel: 954223344 www.teatrodelamaestranza.es

The **Lope de Vega Theatre**, built as the Seville Pavilion for the Latin American Exhibition of 1929, has an attractive



A photography of Jesús Vallinas

programme of theatre, classical and early music concerts, jazz, new age, flamenco, copla...

Avda. Mª Luisa s/n. Tel: 955472828

www.teatrolopedevega.org

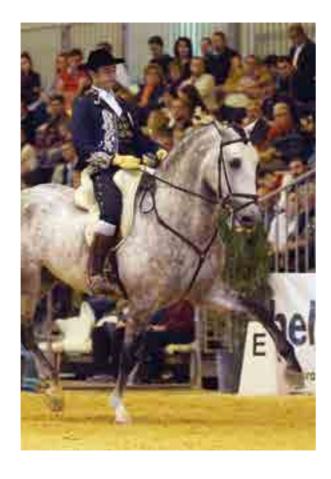
The **Central Theatre**, also built for Expo 92, is more focused on alternative art and new trends.

C/ José de Gálvez, 6. Tel: 955542155 www.teatrocentral.es

The **Alameda Theatre** is more focused on activities for children and families.

C/ Crédito, 13. Tel: 955474494 www.teatroalamedasevilla.org There are also several venues that offer an interesting programme for all audiences, such as the Sala Cero, Sala La Fundición, Sala El Cachorro, etc

For lovers of contemporary and modern art, Seville has a large number of exhibition halls and art galleries. Throughout the year, these offer a wide and varied programme of exhibitions (painting, sculpture, photography) from upcoming and established artists. The Contemporary Art Andalusian Centre (Centro Andaluz de Arte Contemporáneo), located at the La Cartuja Monastery (Monasterio de la Cartuja) (www.caac. es), aims to encourage the study and promotion of international contemporary artistic creation in its most varied expressions. For this, temporary exhibitions, seminars, workshops, concerts and lectures are organized.



We'd like to draw your attention to the following festivals which are held annually:

- **FEST:** Seville International Festival of Performing Arts. Theatre festival, mainly from domestic companies. **www.sevillafest.com**
- FEMAS: Seville Early Music Festival. www.femas.es
- **Nocturama**: Series of alternative music concerts.
- Nights in the Gardens of the Alcazar: June to September.
 Concerts of various musical genres including early, classical, world, flamenco in a unique environment: the Jardines del Real Alcázar.

www.alcazarsevilla.org

- **Bienal de Flamenco**: September to October. The country's most important flamenco festival, where the leading artists display their art in the city's historical buildings.

 www.labienal.com
- **Festival Turina**: International festival of chamber music. www.festivalturina.com
- **Noche en blanco**: Is a cultural icon of the city not to be missed. A night full of many cultural activities.

www.sevillasemueve.org

- **Monkey Week**: Considered the great meeting point for the Spanish music industry and with growing importance in the international arena. **www.monkeyweek.org**
- **Seville Guitar Festival**: A series of concerts, lectures, masterclasses... **www.quitartfestivalsevilla.com**
- **Month of dance:** November. International festival of contemporary dance, with shows both on stages and outdoors. **www.mesdedanza.es**
- **European Film Festival**: November. For nine days, you will enjoy a selection of the best European cinema. **www.festivalcinesevilla.eu**
- **SICAB**: International Horse Show. November. The world's most important single-theme equestrian show, without doubt the most important of those held in our country. **www.sicab.org**
- **Mangafest**: Seville Festival of videogames and Asian culture. **www.mangafest.es**

SPORTS



PERFECT TO PRACTICE SPORTS

Due to its excellent climate and its physical geography, Seville is an ideal place to take part in a variety of sports.

The city has two football stadiums, an Olympic stadium, a specialized high performance rowing and canoeing centre, a sports hall and the opportunity for water sports on the river.

Numerous sporting events are held in the city, one of the most important of which is the Marathon, which is one of the most important to take place in our country and is run in February. A marathon where you can enjoy one of the fastest courses in Europe, with few hills. Together with the weather in Seville at this time of year, that make this trial the ideal one where you can try to reduce your personal best. In addition, the design of a new circuit that runs through the city's most emblematic and characteristic locations, converts the more than 42 kilometres of its route into a real treat for the eyes. www.zurichmaratonsevilla.es

Other events to note are the Spain long distance rowing championship, the Spain canoeing championship, the City of Seville triathlon, the Guadalquivir Night Race, the SevillaBetis Regata, etc.

And football fans will have the opportunity to visit the two great stadiums of the city: Sevilla FC Stadium (www.sevillafc.es) and Real Betis Stadium (www.realbetisbalompie.es)

Lovers of golf can play the courses in the city itself and in the province of Seville, located in exceptional areas with beautiful landscapes and immersed in nature. The excellent climate allows this sport to be enjoyed during every month of the year.

www.clubzaudingolf.com (Tomares)

www.clubhatoverde.es (Guillena)

www.lasminasgolf.com (Aznalcazar)

www.sevillagolf.com (Alcalá de Guadaira)

www.cartujaesdeporte.com (Sevilla)

www.rcpineda.com (Sevilla)



Seville City Council has created a signage project for running trails. This means that running enthusiasts can run comfortably and safely, as well as having signs to tell them the distance they've travelled. See: http://imd.sevilla.org/circuitos-senalizados-correr

IMPORTANT CELEBRATIONS



KNOW
/ THE MOST
IMPORTANT
DATES

COMMEMORATION OF THE FOURTH CENTENARY OF THE BIRTH OF THE PAINTER BARTOLOME ESTEBAN MURILLO IN SEVILLE (2017- 2018).

To celebrate the birth of Seville's great painter Bartolomé Esteban Murillo, a series of cultural activities will take place in December 2017 and throughout 2018.

Rarely have a painter and a city achieved such a degree of mutual identification as that reached by Murillo and Seville. And not just because of the incidental fact that the painter was born in the Guadalquivir's capital, but because his art sprang from the most intimate roots of local culture. Because of this, his painting enjoyed success at the time and his work received the subsequent recognition given both within Spain and by foreign publics and critics, making him an undisputed figure of international calibre.

Exhibitions, concerts, workshops, publications, Murillo itineraries through the city and restoration of some of his works are some of the activities that will be organized and which will give us the opportunity to fully explore Murillo and his work.

www.murilloysevilla.org



FIRST CIRCUMNAVIGATION OF THE WORLD.

The Portuguese navigator Ferdinand Magellan launched the Spanish expedition that completed the first journey around the world. The expedition, consisting of five ships with 250 men on board and with Magellan in command of the fleet put to sea on 10 August 1519 from the Muelle de las Mulas in Seville

On the death of Magellan, the expedition continued under the command of Juan Sebastián Elcano. They arrived in Spain, specifically in Seville, in 1522. Of the five ships that departed only one, the Victoria, completed the journey around the world, and only 18 sailors returned.

The Fifth Centenary of the First Circumnavigation of the World will be commemorated in 2019.

USEFUL ADDRESSES

Municipal Tourist Office Costurero de la Reina:

Paseo de las Delicias, 9 (41013) Sevilla. Tel: 954234465 / visitasevilla@visitasevilla.es / www.visitasevilla.es
Opening hours: Monday to Friday: 9:00 to 19:30. Saturdays,
Sundays and holidays: 10:00 a 14:00.

Tourist Office:

Plaza del Triunfo 1-3 (41004) Sevilla.
Tel: 954210005 / www.turismosevilla.org
infoturismo@prodetur.es
Opening hours: Monday to Friday 9:00 to 19:30. Saturdays,
Sundays and holidays: 9:30 to 19:30.

San Pablo International Airport:

A-4, Km. 532, 41020 Sevilla.
Tel: 954449000 / www.aeropuerto-sevilla.com
Hours: closed from 1:00 to 5:00.

Tourist Office in Seville Airport:

Tel: 954782035 / www.andalucia.org otaesevilla@andalucia.org Opening hours: Monday to Friday: 9:00 to 19:30. Saturdays, Sundays and holidays: 9:30 to 15:00.

Santa Justa RailWay Station:

Av. de Kansas City (41007) Sevilla. Tel: 902 32 03 20 / www.renfe.com Opening hours: 6:00 to 23:00.

Tourist Office in Santa Justa RailWay Station:

Tel: 954782002 otjusta@andalucia.org www.andalucia.org Opening hours: Monday to Friday: 9:00 to 19:30. Saturdays, Sundays and holidays: 9:30 to 15:00.

Bus Station Plaza de Armas:

Puente del Cristo de la Expiración s/n (41001) Sevilla. Tel: 902450550 / www.autobusesplazadearmas.es

Bus Station Prado de San Sebastián:

C/ Manuel Vázquez Sagastizabal s/n. 41001 Sevilla. Tel: 955479290

Taxis:

954580000 / 954622222 / 954675555. Services for people with disabilities: 954476060

TUSSAM (Municipal Transport Company):

Avda. de Andalucía, 11 (41007) Sevilla. Tel: 902 45 99 54 / www.tussam.es

Metro:

Tel: 900 927 172 / 954 540 785 / www.metro-sevilla.es

Sevici (public bike rental):

Plaza San Francisco. 19. Edificio Laredo.

Tel: 900900722 / www.sevici.es

Opening hours: Monday to Friday: 10:00 to 14:00 / 16:30 to 20:00. Saturdays: 10:00 to 14:00. Sundays: Closed

Emergencies:

112

Health emergencies:

06

Public hospitals:

Virgen Macarena Hospital. Avda. Doctor Fedriani, 3 (41007) Sevilla. Tel: 955008000

Virgen del Rocio Hospital. Avda. Manuel Siurot s/n (41013) Sevilla. Tel: 955012000

Police station:

Alameda de Hércules s/n. / Tel: 954289570.

Currency exchange:

Exchange Sevilla. Avda. de la Constitución, 30. Tel: 954564755. Opening hours: Monday to Friday: 10:00 to 20.00. Saturdays: 11:00 to 17:00. Closed Sundays.

Exact Change. Estación de Santa Justa. Tel: 954536950. Opening hours: Monday to Sunday 7:30 to 22:00.

Exact Change. Avda. de la Constitución, 34-36. Tel: 954912093. Opening hours: Monday to Sunday 8:30 to 22:30.

Post Office:

Avda. de la Constitución, 32. / Tel: 954224760.

Lost property office.:

C/ Manuel Vázquez Sagastizabal, 3. / Tel: 955472277. Opening hours: 9:30 to 13:30.

Generally, **banks** are open from Monday to Friday from 8:30 to 14:30. **Shop** opening hours are usually from 10:00 to 20:00 or 21:00 depending on the time of year; some stay open all day, others close at mid-day, reopening at 17:00. **Shopping centres** have extended hours, from 10:00 to 22:00.

SEVILLE

Practical guide







